

MATERIAL DATASHEET

ALLOY 430

Designation	
Diehl Brass Solutions	430
DIN EN symbol	CuZn21Si3P
DIN EN	CW724R(-DW)
UNS	C69300

Composition (mass as %, reference values)		
Cu	76.0	
Si	3.3	
Р	0.05	
Zn	remainder	

Application

- Lead-free machining alloy with very good hot formability. High-strength engineering material.
- The dezincification resistance of the material is impaired during processing operations above a temperature of 580 °C. The dezincification resistance is restored by heat treatment at 550 580 °C over a period of 2-3 hours. For further information, please contact the manufacturer.

Products and relevant standards			
Rods (general purposes)	EN 12163		
Rods (free machining purposes)	EN 12164		
Rods (forging stock)	EN 12165		
Hollow rods (free machining purposes)	EN 12168		
Profiles (general purposes)	EN 12167		

Physical properties		
Density	g/cm ³	8.3
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion: 20 – 200 °C	• 10 ⁻⁶ /K	19.6
Thermal conductivity RT 200°C	W/(m · K) W/(m · K)	28.0 44.4
Specific thermal capacity RT 200 °C	J/(g · K) J/(g · K)	0.35 0.41
Electrical conductivity	$m/(\Omega \cdot mm^2)$	5.3
Specific electrical resistance	$(\Omega \cdot mm^2)/m$	0.19
Young's modulus	GPa	106.0
Shear modulus	GPa	39.0
Poisson's ratio		0.32

Mechanical properties

- The mechanical properties are specified in the relevant product standards (see products).
- The properties depend on the product, the condition and the dimensions.

Additional mechanical properties (reference values: standard production for information, drawn and annealed condition)				
Bending fatigue strength	MPa	320		
High-temperature strength (350 °C)	MPa	350		
Notched bar impact work acc. to EN 10045 U notch V notch	J	14.0 18.0		

Version: April 2025 1/2



MATERIAL DATASHEET

ALLOY 430

Processing properties Forming Machinability (CuZn39Pb3 = 100%) very good Hot formability very good Cold formability moderate **Surface treatment** Polishing good Electroplating good **Joining** Inert gas welding / good resistance welding Soft solderability very good Hard solderability very good **Heat treatment** 700 - 750 °C Hot forming

550 - 700 °C

200 - 300 °C

Corrosion resistance

- Generally good resistance to neutral, alkaline and organic aqueous solutions.
- Dezincification-resistant according to relevant standards.

Diehl Brass Solutions Stiftung & Co. KG

Heinrich-Diehl-Straße 9 | 90552 Röthenbach a.d. Pegnitz | Tel. +49 911 5704-0 | E-Mail: dbs-sales@diehl.com

This material datasheet is for general information purposes only and is not subject to any revision service. Claims may not be derived from it unless there is evidence of intent or gross negligence. The data presented does not provide a warranty that the product is of a specific quality and does not replace any expert advice or customer trials.

Risk Disclosure

Soft annealing

Stress relief annealing

The tests took place under the test conditions mentioned here. In these tests, selected properties of the alloy can be investigated. The test results are based on the test setup shown, which has specific laboratory conditions. Deviating conditions in the field may have significant effects. Aspects which play a decisive role include, in particular, but not exhaustively, the design of the components, the further processing of the alloy, the processing of the finished parts made with the alloy, transport and storage, the manner and location of use, the installation and the installation situation.

When it comes to properties, the corrosion resistance of the material is a key factor. The DIN standard DIN EN ISO 8044 (formerly DIN 50900) defines corrosion as a reaction of a metallic material with its environment that causes a measurable change in the material and can impair the function of a metal component or an entire system. From a technical point of view, corrosion is a reaction of a material with its environment that causes a measurable change in the material. Corrosion can impair the function of a component or system. Corrosion, as a complex system of interactions, depends on a large number of factors which, in their multiformity, cannot be fully reproduced under test conditions. The type of corrosion known as dezincification, which occurs with zinc-containing copper alloys that are in contact with drinking water, is familiar to the broad expert public.

The purchaser of the alloy is responsible for determining and testing the design, further processing, application areas of products made from the alloy, and any other relevant factors. This is also applicable when determining the dezincification depth that is considered reasonable for the selected area of application. Diehl cannot accept any liability for this, but solely for the information contained in the enclosed product data sheet.

Version: April 2025 2/2